

***Industrial automation systems and integration –  
Product data representation and exchange –  
Part 42:  
Integrated generic resources:  
Geometric and topological representation***

TECHNICAL CORRIGENDUM 3

Technical Corrigendum 3 to International Standard ISO 10303-42:1994 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 184, *Industrial automation systems and integration*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Industrial data*.

*Included SEDS reports: SEDS 354, + later SEDS reports. polar\_point etc. included to resolve DIS ballot comments on parts 104, 209.*

---

## ***Introduction***

*This Technical Corrigendum corrects ISO 10303-42:1994, Product data representation and exchange - Part 42: Integrated generic resources: Geometric and topological representation. It incorporates ISO 10303-42:1994/Cor. 1:1999, and ISO 10303-42:1994/Cor. 2:1999 and cancels and replaces these two documents.*

*The purpose of the modifications to the text of ISO 10303-42:1994 is to correct errors in the EXPRESS definitions likely to cause compilation problems, to include additional EXPRESS constructs required for usage with other parts of ISO 10303, to replace the URL in the annex for the computer-interpretable EXPRESS, and to replace the object identifier for the document and the applicable schema.*

© ISO 2001 – All rights reserved 2001

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from the publisher.

International Organization for Standardization  
Case Postale 56 • CH-2111 Genève 20 • Switzerland

## ***Modifications to the text of ISO 10303-42:1994***

### ***Clause 4, p. 11***

The entity **founded\_item** is required to be referenced since it is now a supertype of **composite\_curve-segment** and **surface\_patch**. Add the following to the list of REFERENCE FROM representation-schema. This additional REFERENCE was defined in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness.

founded\_item,

### ***Clause 4.3, p. 14***

The EXPRESS specification of **dummy\_gri** was defined in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. A constant is required to initialise ENTITYs constructed within ENTITY definitions or FUNCTIONS. The CONSTANT **dummy\_gri** is a partial definition to be used when types of **geometric\_representation\_item** are constructed. Add the following new subsubclause 4.3.1 and renumber existing subsubclauses 4.3.1 through 4.3.13 accordingly.

#### **4.3.1 Constant definition**

The constant **dummy\_gri** is a partial entity definition to be used when types of **geometric\_representation\_item** are constructed. It provides the correct supertypes and the **name** attribute as an empty string.

#### EXPRESS specification:

```
* )
CONSTANT
  dummy_gri : geometric_representation_item := representation_item('') ||
                                             geometric_representation_item();
END_CONSTANT;
(*
```

### ***Clause 4.4.4, p. 23***

The EXPRESS specification of this entity is amended to include the newly introduced subtypes. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

#### EXPRESS specification:

```
* )
ENTITY cartesian_point
  SUPERTYPE OF (ONEOF(cylindrical_point, polar_point, spherical_point))
  SUBTYPE OF (point);
  coordinates : LIST [1:3] OF length_measure;
END_ENTITY;
(*)
```

**Clause 4.4.5, p. 23**

The subtypes of **cartesian\_point** defined below are required for reference from other parts of ISO 10303. Renumber existing clauses 4.4.5 to 4.4.73 as 4.4.8 to 4.4.76, respectively. Renumber existing Figures 1 through 12 as 2 through 13 respectively. Add the following as clause 4.4.5, 4.4.6, 4.4.7 and Figure 1.

**4.4.5 cylindrical\_point**

A **cylindrical\_point** is a type of **cartesian\_point** which uses a cylindrical polar coordinate system, centred at the origin of the corresponding Cartesian coordinate system, to define its location.

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

ENTITY cylindrical_point  

  SUBTYPE OF (cartesian_point);  

    r      : length_measure;  

    theta : plane_angle_measure;  

    z      : length_measure;  

  DERIVE  

    SELF\cartesian_point.coordinates : LIST [1:3] OF length_measure :=  

      [r*cos(theta), r*sin(theta), z];  

  WHERE  

    WR1: r >= 0.0;  

END_ENTITY;
(*

```

Attribute definitions:

**r:** The distance from the point to the z axis.

**theta:** The angle between the plane containing the point and the z axis and the xz plane.

**z:** The distance from the xy plane to the point.

Formal propositions:

**WR1:** The radius r shall be greater than, or equal to zero.

Informal propositions:

**IP1:** The value of **theta** shall lie in the range  $0 \leq \text{theta} < 360$  degrees.

## 4.4.6 spherical\_point

A **spherical\_point** is a type of **cartesian\_point** which uses a spherical polar coordinate system, centred at the origin of the corresponding Cartesian coordinate system, to define its location.

### EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

ENTITY spherical_point  

  SUBTYPE OF (cartesian_point);  

    r      : length_measure;  

    theta : plane_angle_measure;  

    phi   : plane_angle_measure;  

  DERIVE  

    SELF\cartesian_point.coordinates : LIST [1:3] OF length_measure :=  

      [r*sin(theta)*cos(phi), r*sin(theta)*sin(phi), r*cos(theta)];  

  WHERE  

    WR1: r >= 0.0;  

END_ENTITY;  

(*

```

### Attribute definitions:

**r:** The distance from the point to the origin.

**theta:** The angle  $\theta$  between the z axis and the line joining the origin to the point.

**phi:** The angle  $\phi$ , measured from the x axis to the projection onto the xy plane of the line from the origin to the point.

NOTE - See Figure 1 for an illustration of the attributes.

### Formal propositions:

**WR1:** The radius r shall be greater than, or equal to zero.

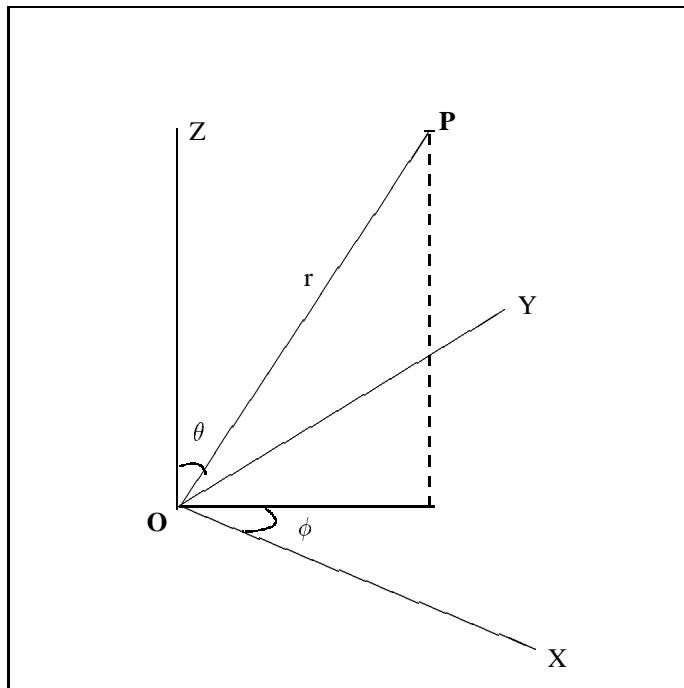
### Informal propositions:

**IP1:** The value of **theta** shall lie in the range  $0 \leq \text{theta} \leq 180$  degrees.

**IP2:** The value of **phi** shall lie in the range  $0 \leq \text{phi} < 360$  degrees.

## 4.4.7 polar\_point

A **polar\_point** is a type of **cartesian\_point** which uses a two dimensional polar coordinate system, centred at the origin of the corresponding Cartesian coordinate system, to define its location.

**Figure 1 – Spherical\_point attributes**EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

ENTITY polar_point  

  SUBTYPE OF (cartesian_point);  

    r      : length_measure;  

    theta : plane_angle_measure;  

  DERIVE  

    SELF\cartesian_point.coordinates : LIST [1:3] OF length_measure :=  

      [r*cos(theta), r*sin(theta)];  

  WHERE  

    WR1: r >= 0.0;  

END_ENTITY;  

(*

```

Attribute definitions:

**r:** The distance from the point to the origin.

**theta:** The angle between the x axis and the line joining the origin to the point.

Formal propositions:

**WR1:** The radius r shall be greater than, or equal to zero.

Informal propositions:

**IP1:** The value of **theta** shall lie in the range  $0 \leq \text{theta} < 360$  degrees.

**Clause 4.4.13, p. 28**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **axis1\_placement** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **z** attribute. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```
* )
ENTITY axis1_placement
SUBTYPE OF (placement);
    axis      : OPTIONAL direction;
DERIVE
    z : direction := NVL(normalise(axis), dummy_gri ||
                           direction([0.0,0.0,1.0]));
WHERE
    WR1: SELF\geometric_representation_item.dim = 3;
END_ENTITY;
(*
```

**Clause 4.4.17, p. 34**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **cartesian\_transformation\_operator\_3d** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification of **cartesian\_transformation\_operator\_3d** contained an error in the reference path for the **dim** attribute. Replace WR1 of the EXPRESS specification with the following:

WR1: SELF\geometric\_representation\_item.dim = 3;

**Clause 4.4.18, p. 36**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **cartesian\_transformation\_operator\_2d** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification of **cartesian\_transformation\_operator\_2d** contained an error in the reference path for the **dim** attribute. Replace WR1 of the EXPRESS specification with the following:

WR1: SELF\geometric\_representation\_item.dim = 2;

**Clause 4.4.34, p. 54**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **trimmed\_curve** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification of **trimmed\_curve** contained logical errors in the WHERE rules. Replace WR1 and WR2 of the EXPRESS specification with the following:

WR1: (HIINDEX(trim\_1) = 1) OR (TYPEOF(trim\_1[1]) <> TYPEOF(trim\_1[2]));  
 WR2: (HIINDEX(trim\_2) = 1) OR (TYPEOF(trim\_2[1]) <> TYPEOF(trim\_2[2]));

**Clause 4.4.36, p. 58**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **ccomposite\_curve\_segment** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS definition of the **composite\_curve\_segment** entity is revised to make it a subtype of **founded\_item** in order to provide a representation context for the **parent\_curve** attribute. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```
ENTITY composite_curve_segment
  SUBTYPE OF (founded_item);
    transition      : transition_code;
    same_sense     : BOOLEAN;
    parent_curve   : curve;
  INVERSE
    using_curves  : BAG[1:?] OF composite_curve FOR segments;
  WHERE
    WR1 : ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.BOUNDED_CURVE' IN TYPEOF(parent_curve));
  END_ENTITY;
```

Add the following note at the end of the entity description:

NOTE - – Since **composite\_curve\_segment** is not a subtype of **geometric\_representation\_item** the instance of **bounded\_curve** which is the **parent\_curve** attribute not associated in the usual way with the **geometric\_representation\_context** of each **representation** using a **composite\_curve** containing this **composite\_curve\_segment**. The **geometric\_representation\_context** is associated via the **founded\_item** supertype.

**Clause 4.4.58, p. 77**

The EXPRESS specification of **surface\_of\_revolution** contains an error in the DERIVE statement. The correction provided by TC1 is not accepted by all compilers. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

\* )

```

ENTITY surface_of_revolution
  SUBTYPE OF (swept_surface);
  axis_position      : axisl_placement;
DERIVE
  axis_line : line := representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() || curve() ||
    line(axis_position.location, representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() ||
    vector(axis_position.z, 1.0));
END_ENTITY;
(*

```

**Clause 4.4.67, p. 87**

The EXPRESS specification of **curve\_bounded\_surface** contains a logical error in WR1 making it incompatible with the description. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
ENTITY curve_bounded_surface
  SUBTYPE OF (bounded_surface);
  basis_surface      : surface;
  boundaries         : SET [1:?] OF boundary_curve;
  implicit_outer     : BOOLEAN;
WHERE
  WR1: (NOT implicit_outer) OR
    (SIZEOF (QUERY (temp <* boundaries |
      'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.OUTER_BOUNDARY_CURVE' IN TYPEOF(temp))) = 0);
  WR2: (NOT(implicit_outer)) OR
    ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.BOUNDED_SURFACE' IN TYPEOF(basis_surface));
  WR3: SIZEOF(QUERY(temp <* boundaries |
    'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.OUTER_BOUNDARY_CURVE' IN
    TYPEOF(temp))) <= 1;
  WR4: SIZEOF(QUERY(temp <* boundaries |
    (temp\composite_curve_on_surface.basis_surface [1] <>
    SELF.basis_surface))) = 0;
END_ENTITY;
(*

```

**Clause 4.4.70, p. 90**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **rectangular\_composite\_surface** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification of **rectangular\_composite\_surface** uses an invalid comparison to an empty set in WR1. Replace WR1 of the EXPRESS specification with the following:

```
WR1: SIZEOF(QUERY (s <* segments | n_v <> SIZEOF (s))) = 0 ;
```

**Clause 4.4.71, p. 92**

The EXPRESS specification of the entity **surface\_patch** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS definition of the **surface\_patch** entity is revised to make it a subtype of **founded\_item**. An explanatory note is added. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

ENTITY surface_patch
  SUBTYPE OF (founded_item);
    parent_surface : bounded_surface;
    u_transition   : transition_code;
    v_transition   : transition_code;
    u_sense        : BOOLEAN;
    v_sense        : BOOLEAN;
  INVERSE
    using_surfaces : BAG[1:?] OF rectangular_composite_surface FOR segments;
  WHERE
    WR1: (NOT ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.CURVE_BOUNDING_SURFACE'
               IN TYPEOF(parent_surface)));
  END_ENTITY;

```

Add the following to the description of the entity:

NOTE - – Since **surface\_patch** is not a subtype of **geometric\_representation\_item** the instance of **bounded\_surface** which is the **parent\_surface** attribute is not associated, in the usual way, with the **geometric\_representation\_context** of each **representation** using a **rectangular\_composite\_surface** containing this **surface\_patch**. The **geometric\_representation\_context** is associated via the **founded\_item** supertype.

**Clause 4.6.1, p. 95**

The EXPRESS specification does not provide a **dimension\_count** for **cartesian\_point**, **direction** or **vector** instances created within functions, return variable. Remove the description and EXPRESS specification of the function **dimension\_of** and replace with the following: The function **dimension\_of** returns the dimensionality of the input **geometric\_representation\_item**.

If the item is a **cartesian\_point**, **direction**, or **vector**, the dimensionality is obtained directly by counting components.

For all other other subtypes, the dimensionality is the integer **dimension\_count** of a **geometric\_representation\_context** in which the input **geometric\_representation\_item** is geometrically founded.

By virtue of the constraints in global rule **compatible\_dimension**, this value is the **coordinate\_space\_dimension** of the input **geometric\_representation\_item**. See 4.5.1 for definition of this rule.

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION dimension_of(item : geometric_representation_item) :  

    dimension_count;  

LOCAL  

    x    : SET OF representation;  

    y    : representation_context;  

    dim : dimension_count;  

END_LOCAL;  

-- For cartesian_point, direction, or vector dimension is determined by  

-- counting components.  

IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.CARTESIAN_POINT' IN TYPEOF(item) THEN  

    dim := SIZEOF(item\cartesian_point.coordinates);  

    RETURN(dim);  

END_IF;  

IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.DIRECTION' IN TYPEOF(item) THEN  

    dim := SIZEOF(item\direction.direction_ratios);  

    RETURN(dim);  

END_IF;  

IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(item) THEN  

    dim := SIZEOF(item\vector.orientation\direction.direction_ratios);  

    RETURN(dim);  

END_IF;  

-- For all other types of geometric_representation_item dim is obtained  

-- via context.  

-- Find the set of representation in which the item is used.  

x := using_representations(item);  

-- Determines the dimension_count of the  

-- geometric_representation_context. Note that the  

-- RULE compatible_dimension ensures that the context_of_items  

-- is of type geometric_representation_context and has  

-- the same dimension_count for all values of x.  

-- The SET x is non-empty since this is required by WR1 of  

-- representation_item.  

y := x[1].context_of_items;  

dim := y\geometric_representation_context.coordinate_space_dimension;  

RETURN (dim);  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 4.6.6, p. 99***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **base\_axis** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **u** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION base_axis(dim : INTEGER; axis1, axis2, axis3 : direction) :
                           LIST [2:3] OF
direction;
LOCAL
  u      : LIST [2:3] OF direction;
  factor : REAL;
  d1, d2 : direction;
END_LOCAL;

IF (dim = 3) THEN
  d1 := NVL(normalise(axis3), dummy_gri || direction([0.0,0.0,1.0]));
  d2 := first_proj_axis(d1, axis1);
  u := [d2, second_proj_axis(d1, d2, axis2), d1];
ELSE
  IF EXISTS(axis1) THEN
    d1 := normalise(axis1);
    u := [d1, orthogonal_complement(d1)];
    IF EXISTS(axis2) THEN
      factor := dot_product(axis2, u[2]);
      IF (factor < 0.0) THEN
        u[2].direction_ratios[1] := -u[2].direction_ratios[1];
        u[2].direction_ratios[2] := -u[2].direction_ratios[2];
      END_IF;
    END_IF;
  ELSE
    IF EXISTS(axis2) THEN
      d1 := normalise(axis2);
      u := [orthogonal_complement(d1), d1];
      u[1].direction_ratios[1] := -u[1].direction_ratios[1];
      u[1].direction_ratios[2] := -u[1].direction_ratios[2];
    ELSE
      u := [dummy_gri || direction([1.0, 0.0]), dummy_gri ||
direction([0.0, 1.0])];
    END_IF;
  END_IF;
  RETURN(u);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.7, p. 100***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **build2\_axes** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION build_2axes(ref_direction : direction) : LIST [2:2] OF direction;  

  LOCAL  

    d : direction := NVL(normalise(ref_direction),  

                          dummy_gri || direction([1.0,0.0]));  

  END_LOCAL;  

  RETURN([d, orthogonal_complement(d)]);  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 4.6.8, p. 100***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **build\_axes** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION build_axes(axis, ref_direction : direction) :  

  LIST [3:3] OF direction;  

  LOCAL  

    d1, d2 : direction;  

  END_LOCAL;  

  d1 := NVL(normalise(axis), dummy_gri || direction([0.0,0.0,1.0]));  

  d2 := first_proj_axis(d1, ref_direction);  

  RETURN([d2, normalise(cross_product(d1,d2)).orientation, d1]);  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 4.6.9, p. 101***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **orthogonal\_complement** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **result** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION orthogonal_complement(vec : direction) : direction;  

  LOCAL  

    result : direction ;  

  END_LOCAL;

```

```

IF (vec.dim <> 2) OR NOT EXISTS (vec) THEN
    RETURN(?);
ELSE
    result := dummy_gri || direction([-vec.direction_ratios[2],
                                         vec.direction_ratios[1]]);
    RETURN(result);
END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.10, p. 102**

The EXPRESS specification of function **first\_proj\_axis** does not give a correct initialisation of the **v** variable. The function does not provide a valid result when called with **z\_axis** in the direction [-1,0,0] and **arg** defaulted. Replace the second sentence of the description with:

With **arg** defaulted the result is the projection of [1,0,0] onto this plane; except that, if **z\_axis** = [1,0,0], or, **z\_axis** = [-1,0,0], [0,1,0] is the default for **arg**.

Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION first_proj_axis(z_axis, arg : direction) : direction;
LOCAL
    x_axis : direction;
    v      : direction;
    z      : direction;
    x_vec  : vector;
END_LOCAL;

IF (NOT EXISTS(z_axis)) THEN
    RETURN (?);
ELSE
    z := normalise(z_axis);
    IF NOT EXISTS(arg) THEN
        IF ((z.direction_ratios <> [1.0,0.0,0.0]) AND
            (z.direction_ratios <> [-1.0,0.0,0.0])) THEN
            v := dummy_gri || direction([1.0,0.0,0.0]);
        ELSE
            v := dummy_gri || direction([0.0,1.0,0.0]);
        END_IF;
    ELSE
        IF (arg.dim <> 3) THEN
            RETURN (?);
        END_IF;
        IF ((cross_product(arg,z).magnitude) = 0.0) THEN
            RETURN (?);
        END_IF;
    END_IF;
END_IF;

```

```

    ELSE
        v := normalise(arg);
    END_IF;
END_IF;
x_vec := scalar_times_vector(dot_product(v, z), z);
x_axis := vector_difference(v, x_vec).orientation;
x_axis := normalise(x_axis);
END_IF;
RETURN(x_axis);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.11, p. 103***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **second\_proj\_axis** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **v** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

**EXPRESS specification:**

```

*) 
FUNCTION second_proj_axis(z_axis, x_axis, arg: direction) : direction;
LOCAL
    y_axis : vector;
    v      : direction;
    temp   : vector;
END_LOCAL;

IF NOT EXISTS(arg) THEN
    v := dummy_gri || direction([0.0,1.0,0.0]);
ELSE
    v := arg;
END_IF;

temp  := scalar_times_vector(dot_product(v, z_axis), z_axis);
y_axis := vector_difference(v, temp);
temp  := scalar_times_vector(dot_product(v, x_axis), x_axis);
y_axis := vector_difference(y_axis, temp);
y_axis := normalise(y_axis);
RETURN(y_axis.orientation);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.12, p. 103***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **cross\_product** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **res** and **result** variables. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION cross_product (arg1, arg2 : direction) : vector;  

  LOCAL  

    mag      : REAL;  

    res     : direction;  

    v1,v2  : LIST[3:3] OF REAL;  

    result  : vector;  

  END_LOCAL;  

IF ( NOT EXISTS (arg1) OR (arg1.dim = 2) ) OR  

  ( NOT EXISTS (arg2) OR (arg2.dim = 2) ) THEN  

  RETURN(?);  

ELSE  

  BEGIN  

    v1  := normalise(arg1).direction_ratios;  

    v2  := normalise(arg2).direction_ratios;  

    res := dummy_gri || direction([(v1[2]*v2[3] - v1[3]*v2[2]),  

    (v1[3]*v2[1] - v1[1]*v2[3]), (v1[1]*v2[2] - v1[2]*v2[1])]);  

    mag := 0.0;  

    REPEAT i := 1 TO 3;  

      mag := mag + res.direction_ratios[i]*res.direction_ratios[i];  

    END_REPEAT;  

    IF (mag > 0.0) THEN  

      result := dummy_gri || vector(res, SQRT(mag));  

    ELSE  

      result := dummy_gri || vector(arg1, 0.0);  

    END_IF;  

    RETURN(result);  

  END;  

END_IF;  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 4.6.14, p. 105***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **normalise** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **v** variable and may corrupt the input parameter **arg**. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION normalise (arg : vector_or_direction) : vector_or_direction;  

  LOCAL  

    ndim   : INTEGER;  

    v      : direction;  

    result : vector_or_direction;

```

```

vec      : vector;
mag      : REAL;
END_LOCAL;

IF NOT EXISTS (arg) THEN
  result := ?;
  (* When function is called with invalid data a NULL result is returned *)
ELSE
  ndim := arg.dim;
  IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg) THEN
    BEGIN
      v := dummy_gri || direction(arg.orientation.direction_ratios);
      IF arg.magnitude = 0.0 THEN
        RETURN(?);
      ELSE
        vec := dummy_gri || vector (v, 1.0);
        END_IF;
    END;
  ELSE
    v := dummy_gri || direction (arg.direction_ratios);
  END_IF;
  mag := 0.0;
  REPEAT i := 1 TO ndim;
    mag := mag + v.direction_ratios[i]*v.direction_ratios[i];
  END_REPEAT;
  IF mag > 0.0 THEN
    mag := SQRT(mag);
    REPEAT i := 1 TO ndim;
      v.direction_ratios[i] := v.direction_ratios[i]/mag;
    END_REPEAT;
    IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg) THEN
      vec.orientation := v;
      result := vec;
    ELSE
      result := v;
    END_IF;
  ELSE
    RETURN(?);
  END_IF;
END_IF;
RETURN (result);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

#### **Clause 4.6.15, p. 107**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **scalar\_times\_vector** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **result** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION scalar_times_vector (scalar : REAL; vec : vector_or_direction)
      : vector;
LOCAL
  v      : direction;
  mag    : REAL;
  result : vector;
END_LOCAL;

IF NOT EXISTS (scalar) OR NOT EXISTS (vec) THEN
  RETURN (?);
ELSE
  IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF (vec) THEN
    v := dummy_gri || direction(vec.orientation.direction_ratios);
    mag := scalar * vec.magnitude;
  ELSE
    v := dummy_gri || direction(vec.direction_ratios);
    mag := scalar;
  END_IF;
  IF (mag < 0.0) THEN
    REPEAT i := 1 TO SIZEOF(v.direction_ratios);
      v.direction_ratios[i] := -v.direction_ratios[i];
    END_REPEAT;
    mag := -mag;
  END_IF;
  result := dummy_gri || vector(normalise(v), mag);
END_IF;
RETURN (result);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.16, p. 108***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **vector\_sum** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **res** and **result** variables. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION vector_sum(arg1, arg2 : vector_or_direction) : vector;
LOCAL
  result      : vector;
  res, vec1, vec2 : direction;
  mag, mag1, mag2 : REAL;
  ndim        : INTEGER;
END_LOCAL;
```

```

IF ((NOT EXISTS (arg1)) OR (NOT EXISTS (arg2))) OR (arg1.dim <> arg2.dim)
  THEN
    RETURN (?) ;

ELSE
BEGIN
  IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg1) THEN
    mag1 := arg1.magnitude;
    vec1 := arg1.orientation;
  ELSE
    mag1 := 1.0;
    vec1 := arg1;
  END_IF;
  IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg2) THEN
    mag2 := arg2.magnitude;
    vec2 := arg2.orientation;
  ELSE
    mag2 := 1.0;
    vec2 := arg2;
  END_IF;
  vec1 := normalise (vec1);
  vec2 := normalise (vec2);
  ndim := SIZEOF(vec1.direction_ratios);
  mag := 0.0;
  res := dummy_gri || direction(vec1.direction_ratios);
  REPEAT i := 1 TO ndim;
    res.direction_ratios[i] := mag1*vec1.direction_ratios[i] +
                                mag2*vec2.direction_ratios[i];
    mag := mag + (res.direction_ratios[i]*res.direction_ratios[i]);
  END_REPEAT;
  IF (mag > 0.0 ) THEN
    result := dummy_gri || vector( res, SQRT(mag));
  ELSE
    result := dummy_gri || vector( vec1, 0.0);
  END_IF;
END;
END_IF;
RETURN (result);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

#### **Clause 4.6.17, p. 109**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **vector\_difference** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **res** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION vector_difference(arg1, arg2 : vector_or_direction) : vector;
  LOCAL
    result          : vector;
    res, vec1, vec2 : direction;
    mag, mag1, mag2 : REAL;
    ndim           : INTEGER;
  END_LOCAL;

IF ((NOT EXISTS (arg1)) OR (NOT EXISTS (arg2))) OR (arg1.dim <> arg2.dim)
  THEN
  RETURN (?);
ELSE
  BEGIN
    IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg1) THEN
      mag1 := arg1.magnitude;
      vec1 := arg1.orientation;
    ELSE
      mag1 := 1.0;
      vec1 := arg1;
    END_IF;
    IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.VECTOR' IN TYPEOF(arg2) THEN
      mag2 := arg2.magnitude;
      vec2 := arg2.orientation;
    ELSE
      mag2 := 1.0;
      vec2 := arg2;
    END_IF;
    vec1 := normalise (vec1);
    vec2 := normalise (vec2);
    ndim := SIZEOF(vec1.direction_ratios);
    mag := 0.0;
    res := dummy_gri || direction(vec1.direction_ratios);
    REPEAT i := 1 TO ndim;
      res.direction_ratios[i] := mag1*vec1.direction_ratios[i] +
                                mag2*vec2.direction_ratios[i];
      mag := mag + (res.direction_ratios[i]*res.direction_ratios[i]);
    END_REPEAT;
    IF (mag > 0.0 ) THEN
      result := dummy_gri || vector( res, SQRT(mag));
    ELSE
      result := dummy_gri || vector( vec1, 0.0);
    END_IF;
  END;
END_IF;
RETURN (result);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.18, p. 110**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **default\_b\_spline\_knot\_mult** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **knot\_mult** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION default_b_spline_knot_mult(degree, up_knots : INTEGER;
                                      uniform : knot_type)
                                      : LIST [2:?] OF INTEGER;

LOCAL
  knot_mult : LIST [1:up_knots] OF INTEGER;
END_LOCAL;

IF uniform = uniform_knots THEN
  knot_mult := [1:up_knots];
ELSE
  IF uniform = quasi_uniform_knots THEN
    knot_mult := [1:up_knots];
    knot_mult[1] := degree + 1;
    knot_mult[up_knots] := degree + 1;
  ELSE
    IF uniform = piecewise_bezier_knots THEN
      knot_mult := [degree:up_knots];
      knot_mult[1] := degree + 1;
      knot_mult[up_knots] := degree + 1;
    ELSE
      knot_mult := [0:up_knots];
    END_IF;
  END_IF;
END_IF;
RETURN(knot_mult);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.19, p. 111**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **default\_b\_spline\_knots** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the **knots** variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION default_b_spline_knots(degree, up_knots : INTEGER;

```

```

        uniform : knot_type)
        : LIST [2:?] OF parameter_value;
LOCAL
    knots : LIST [1:up_knots] OF parameter_value := [0:up_knots];
    ishift : INTEGER := 1;
END_LOCAL;

IF (uniform = uniform_knots) THEN
    ishift := degree + 1;
END_if;
IF (uniform = uniform_knots) OR
    (uniform = quasi_uniform_knots) OR
    (uniform = piecewise_bezier_knots) THEN

    REPEAT i := 1 TO up_knots;
        knots[i] := i - ishift;
    END_REPEAT;
END_IF;
RETURN(knots);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.20, p. 112***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **default\_b\_spline\_curve\_weights** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION default_b_spline_curve_weights(up_cp : INTEGER)
        : ARRAY [0:up_cp] OF REAL;
    RETURN([1:up_cp + 1]);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.21, p. 113***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **default\_b\_spline\_surface\_weights** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not assign correct values to the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)

```

```

FUNCTION default_b_spline_surface_weights(u_upper, v_upper: INTEGER)
      : ARRAY [0:u_upper] OF
      ARRAY [0:v_upper] OF REAL;
      RETURN([[1:v_upper + 1]:u_upper + 1]);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.22, p. 114**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **constraints\_param\_b\_spline** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification contained some redundant variable declarations. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION constraints_param_b_spline(degree, up_knots, up_cp : INTEGER;
                                      knot_mult : LIST OF INTEGER;
                                      knots : LIST OF parameter_value) : BOOLEAN;
LOCAL
  result : BOOLEAN := TRUE;
  k, sum : INTEGER;
END_LOCAL;

(* Find sum of knot multiplicities. *)
sum := knot_mult[1];

REPEAT i := 2 TO up_knots;
  sum := sum + knot_mult[i];
END_REPEAT;

(* Check limits holding for all B-spline parametrisations *)
IF (degree < 1) OR (up_knots < 2) OR (up_cp < degree) OR
  (sum <> (degree + up_cp + 2)) THEN
  result := FALSE;
  RETURN(result);
END_IF;

k := knot_mult[1];

IF (k < 1) OR (k > degree + 1) THEN
  result := FALSE;
  RETURN(result);
END_IF;

REPEAT i := 2 TO up_knots;
  IF (knot_mult[i] < 1) OR (knots[i] <= knots[i-1]) THEN
    result := FALSE;
    RETURN(result);
  END_IF;
END_REPEAT;

```

```

END_IF;

k := knot_mult[i];

IF (i < up_knots) AND (k > degree) THEN
    result := FALSE;
    RETURN(result);
END_IF;

IF (i = up_knots) AND (k > degree + 1) THEN
    result := FALSE;
    RETURN(result);
END_IF;
END_REPEAT;
RETURN(result);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 4.6.25, p. 116***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **get\_basis\_surface** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification of the **get\_basis\_surface** function contains an error in the reference path to the **segmemts** attribute for a **composite\_curve\_on\_surface**. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

**EXPRESS specification:**

```

*)
FUNCTION get_basis_surface (c : curve_on_surface) : SET[0:2] OF surface;
LOCAL
    surfs : SET[0:2] OF surface;
    n      : INTEGER;
END_LOCAL;
surfs := [];
IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.PCURVE' IN TYPEOF (c) THEN
    surfs := [c\pcurve.basis_surface];
ELSE
    IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.SURFACE_CURVE' IN TYPEOF (c) THEN
        n := SIZEOF(c\surface_curve.associated_geometry);
        REPEAT i := 1 TO n;
        surfs := surfs +
            associated_surface(c\surface_curve.associated_geometry[i]);
        END_REPEAT;
    END_IF;
END_IF;
IF 'GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.COMPOSITE_CURVE_ON_SURFACE' IN TYPEOF (c) THEN
    (* For a composite_curve_on_surface the basis_surface is the intersection
       of the basis_surfaces of all the segments. *)
    n := SIZEOF(c\composite_curve.segments);
    surfs := get_basis_surface(c\composite_curve.segments[1].parent_curve);

```

```

IF n > 1 THEN
    REPEAT i := 2 TO n;
        surfs := surfs * get_basis_surface(c\composite_curve.
                                            segments[i].parent_curve);
    END_REPEAT;
END_IF;
END_IF;
RETURN(surfs);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.28, p. 119**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **list\_to\_array** does not correctly initialise the array **res**. The correction provided in ISO 10303-42:1994/Cor. 2:1999 introduced a new error by omitting the array dimensions for the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION list_to_array(lis : LIST [0:?] OF GENERIC : T;
                      low,u : INTEGER) : ARRAY [low:u] OF GENERIC : T;
LOCAL
    n      : INTEGER;
    res   : ARRAY [low:u] OF GENERIC : T;
END_LOCAL;

n := SIZEOF(lis);
IF (n <> (u-low +1)) THEN
    RETURN(?);
ELSE
    res := [lis[1] : n];
    REPEAT i := 2 TO n;
        res[low+i-1] := lis[i];
    END_REPEAT;
    RETURN(res);
END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 4.6.29, p. 120**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **make\_array\_of\_array** does not correctly initialise the array **res**. The correction provided in ISO 10303-42:1994/Cor. 2:1999 introduced a new error by omitting the array dimensions for the return variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION make_array_of_array(lis : LIST[1:?] OF LIST [1:?] OF GENERIC : T;  

                           low1, u1, low2, u2 : INTEGER):  

                           ARRAY [low1:u1] OF ARRAY [low2:u2] OF GENERIC : T;  

LOCAL  

  res    : ARRAY[low1:u1] OF ARRAY [low2:u2] OF GENERIC : T;  

END_LOCAL;  

(* Check input dimensions for consistency *)  

IF (u1-low1+1) <> SIZEOF(lis) THEN  

  RETURN (?);  

END_IF;  

IF (u2 - low2 + 1 ) <> SIZEOF(lis[1]) THEN  

  RETURN (?);  

END_IF;  

(* Initialise res with values from lis[1] *)  

res := [list_to_array(lis[1], low2, u2) : (u1-low1 + 1)];  

REPEAT i := 2 TO HIINDEX(lis);  

  IF (u2-low2+1) <> SIZEOF(lis[i]) THEN  

    RETURN (?);  

  END_IF;  

  res[low1+i-1] := list_to_array(lis[i], low2, u2);  

END_REPEAT;  

RETURN (res);  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 5.3, p. 127***

The constant **dummy\_tri** was added in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. A constant is required to initialise ENTITYs constructed within ENTITY definitions or FUNCTIONS. The CONSTANT **dummy\_tri** is a partial definition to be used when types of **topological\_representation\_item** are constructed. Add the following new clause 5.3.1 and renumber existing clauses 5.3.1 through 5.3.5 accordingly.

**5.3.1 Constant definition**

The constant **dummy\_tri** is a partial entity definition to be used when types of **topological\_representation\_item** are constructed. It provides the correct supertypes and the **name** attribute as an empty string.

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

CONSTANT  

  dummy_tri : topological_representation_item := representation_item('') ||  

                                         topological_representation_item();
```

```
END_CONSTANT;
(*
```

**Clause 5.5.3, p. 154**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **edge\_reversed** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **the\_reverse** variable. Additional clarification to values of the attribute are given. The declared types for the return variable and the local variable are changed to the subtype actually returned.

*Remove:*

This function returns an **edge** equivalent to the input **edge** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Replace with:*

This function returns an **oriented\_edge** equivalent to the input **edge** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

EXPRESS specification:

```
*)
FUNCTION edge_reversed (an_edge : edge) : oriented_edge;
  LOCAL
    the_reverse : oriented_edge;
  END_LOCAL;

  IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.ORIENTED_EDGE' IN TYPEOF (an_edge) ) THEN
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
      edge(an_edge.edge_end, an_edge.edge_start) ||
      oriented_edge(an_edge\oriented_edge.edge_element,
                    NOT (an_edge\oriented_edge.orientation)) ;
  ELSE
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
      edge(an_edge.edge_end, an_edge.edge_start) ||
      oriented_edge(an_edge, FALSE);
  END_IF;
  RETURN (the_reverse);
END_FUNCTION;
(*)
```

*Remove the argument definition and replace with the following:*

**the\_reverse:** (output) The **oriented\_edge** that is the result of the orientation reversal.

**Clause 5.5.4, p. 155**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **path\_reversed** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.

2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **the\_reverse** variable. The declared types for the return variable and the local variable are changed to the subtype actually returned.

*Remove:*

This function returns a **path** equivalent to the input **path** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Replace with:*

This function returns an **oriented\_path** equivalent to the input **path** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

#### EXPRESS specification:

```
* )
FUNCTION path_reversed (a_path : path) : oriented_path;
  LOCAL
    the_reverse : oriented_path ;
  END_LOCAL;
  IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.ORIENTED_PATH' IN TYPEOF (a_path) ) THEN
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
      path(list_of_topology_reversed (a_path.edge_list)) ||
      oriented_path(a_path\oriented_path.path_element,
                    NOT(a_path\oriented_path.orientation)) ;
  ELSE
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
      path(list_of_topology_reversed (a_path.edge_list)) ||
      oriented_path(a_path, FALSE);
  END_IF;

  RETURN (the_reverse);
END_FUNCTION;
(*
```

*Remove the argument definition and replace with the following:*

**the\_reverse:** (output) The **oriented\_path** which is the result of the orientation reversal.

#### *Clause 5.5.5, p. 155*

The EXPRESS specification of the function **face\_bound\_reversed** was corrected in ISO 10303-42:1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **the\_reverse** variable, the return value is of type **face\_outer\_bound** when **a\_face\_bound** is of this type.

*Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION face_bound_reversed (a_face_bound : face_bound) : face_bound;  

  LOCAL  

    the_reverse : face_bound ;  

  END_LOCAL;  

  IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.FACE_OUTER_BOUND' IN TYPEOF (a_face_bound) ) THEN  

    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||  

      face_bound(a_face_bound\face_bound.bound,  

                 NOT (a_face_bound\face_bound.orientation))  

      || face_outer_bound() ;  

  ELSE  

    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||  

      face_bound(a_face_bound.bound, NOT(a_face_bound.orientation));  

  END_IF;  

  RETURN (the_reverse);  

END_FUNCTION;  

(*

```

***Clause 5.5.6, p. 156***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **face\_reversed** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **the\_reverse** variable. The declared types for the return variable and the local variable are changed to the subtype actually returned.

*Remove:*

This function returns a **face** equivalent to input **face** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Replace with:*

This function returns an **oriented\_face** equivalent to input **face** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Remove the EXPRESS definition and replace with the following:*

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)  

FUNCTION face_reversed (a_face : face) : oriented_face;  

  LOCAL  

    the_reverse : oriented_face ;  

  END_LOCAL;  

  IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.ORIENTED_FACE' IN TYPEOF (a_face) ) THEN  

    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||  

      face(set_of_topology_reversed(a_face.bounds)) ||  

      oriented_face(a_face\oriented_face.face_element,  

                     NOT (a_face\oriented_face.orientation)) ;  

  ELSE

```

```

the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
  face(set_of_topology_reversed(a_face.bounds)) ||
    oriented_face(a_face, FALSE) ;
END_IF;
  RETURN (the_reverse);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

*Remove the argument definition and replace with the following:*

**the\_reverse:** (output) The **oriented\_face** which is the result of the orientation reversal.

#### **Clause 5.5.7, p. 156**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **shell\_reversed** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification does not give a correct initialisation of the **the\_reverse** variable and intermediate values of the variable. The structure of the function is simplified by making use of two new simpler functions.

*Remove:*

This function returns a **shell** equivalent to the input **shell** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Replace with:*

This function returns an **oriented\_open\_shell** or **oriented\_closed\_shell** equivalent to the input **shell** except that the orientation is reversed.

*Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

#### EXPRESS specification:

```

*)*
FUNCTION shell_reversed (a_shell : shell) : shell;
  IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.OPEN_SHELL' IN TYPEOF (a_shell) ) THEN
    RETURN (open_shell_reversed (a_shell));
  ELSE
    IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.CLOSED_SHELL' IN TYPEOF (a_shell) ) THEN
      RETURN (closed_shell_reversed (a_shell));
    ELSE
      RETURN (?);
    END_IF;
  END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

#### **Clause 5.5.8, p. 157**

With the changes identified in this Technical Corrigendum additional topology\_schema functions are required. Re-number existing clauses 5.5.8 to 5.5.20 as 5.5.10 to 5.5.22 respectively. Add the following functions as clauses 5.5.8 and 5.5.9.

## 5.5.8 closed\_shell\_reversed

This function returns an **oriented\_closed\_shell** or equivalent to the input **closed\_shell** except that the orientation is reversed.

### EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION closed_shell_reversed (a_shell : closed_shell) :
    oriented_closed_shell;
LOCAL
    the_reverse : oriented_closed_shell;
END_LOCAL;
IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.ORIENTED_CLOSED_SHELL' IN TYPEOF (a_shell) ) THEN
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
        connected_face_set (
            a_shell\connected_face_set.cfs_faces) ||
        closed_shell () || oriented_closed_shell(
            a_shell\oriented_closed_shell.closed_shell_element,
            NOT(a_shell\oriented_closed_shell.orientation));
ELSE
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
        connected_face_set (
            a_shell\connected_face_set.cfs_faces) ||
        closed_shell () || oriented_closed_shell (a_shell, FALSE);
END_IF;
RETURN (the_reverse);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

### Argument definitions:

**a\_shell:** (input) The **closed\_shell** which is to have its orientation reversed.

**the\_reverse:** (output) The result of the orientation reversal.

## 5.5.9 open\_shell\_reversed

This function returns an **oriented\_open\_shell** or equivalent to the input **open\_shell** except that the orientation is reversed.

### EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION open_shell_reversed ( a_shell : open_shell ) :

```

```

                                oriented_open_shell;
LOCAL
    the_reverse : oriented_open_shell;
END_LOCAL;
IF ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.ORIENTED_OPEN_SHELL' IN TYPEOF (a_shell) ) THEN
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
                    connected_face_set (
                        a_shell\connected_face_set.cfs_faces) ||
                        open_shell () || oriented_open_shell(
                            a_shell\oriented_open_shell.open_shell_element,
                            (NOT (a_shell\oriented_open_shell.orientation)));
ELSE
    the_reverse := dummy_tri ||
                    connected_face_set (
                        a_shell\connected_face_set.cfs_faces) ||
                        open_shell () || oriented_open_shell (a_shell, FALSE);
END_IF;
RETURN (the_reverse);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

Argument definitions:

**a\_shell:** (input) The **open\_shell** which is to have its orientation reversed.

**the\_reverse:** (output) The result of the orientation reversal.

**Clause 5.5.10, p. 158**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **boolean\_choose** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 1:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS in FUNCTION **boolean\_choose** uses an unlabeled GENERIC data type as the result type. According to ISO 10303-11 clause 9.5.3.2 Generic data type, rule b, when a GENERIC data type is used as the result of a FUNCTION, a type label is required, and shall refer to type labels declared by the formal parameters. The formal parameters and the return types must be given type labels. The type label proposed is "item". Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION boolean_choose (b : boolean;
    choice1, choice2 : generic : item) : generic : item;

IF b THEN
    RETURN (choice1);
ELSE
    RETURN (choice2);

```

```

    END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 5.5.17, p. 162**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **mixed\_loop\_type\_set** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor.2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification contains a declaration of an unused variable. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
FUNCTION mixed_loop_type_set(l: SET[0:?] OF loop): LOGICAL;
  LOCAL
    poly_loop_type: LOGICAL;
  END_LOCAL;
  IF(SIZEOF(l) <= 1) THEN
    RETURN(FALSE);
  END_IF;
  poly_loop_type := ('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.POLY_LOOP' IN TYPEOF(l[1]));
  REPEAT i := 2 TO SIZEOF(l);
    IF('TOPOLOGY_SCHEMA.POLY_LOOP' IN TYPEOF(l[i])) <> poly_loop_type) THEN
      RETURN(TRUE);
    END_IF;
  END_REPEAT;
  RETURN(FALSE);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

**Clause 6 p. 166**

The EXPRESS specification of **geometric\_model\_schema** requires an additional external reference to support the corrected definition of the **box\_domain** entity. Remove the definition and the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

The following EXPRESS declaration begins the **geometric\_model\_schema** and identifies the necessary external references.

EXPRESS specification:

```

*) 
SCHEMA geometric_model_schema;
  REFERENCE FROM geometry_schema;
  REFERENCE FROM topology_schema;
  REFERENCE FROM measure_schema(length_measure,
                                positive_length_measure,

```

```

        plane_angle_measure,
        plane_angle_unit,
        positive_plane_angle_measure);
REFERENCE FROM representation_schema(founded_item);
(*

```

NOTE 1 - The schemas referenced above can be found in the following Parts of ISO 10303:

geometry_schema	Clause 4 of this part of ISO 10303
topology_schema	Clause 5 of this part of ISO 10303
measure_schema	ISO 10303-41
representation_schema	ISO 10303-43

NOTE 2 - See annex D, figures D.16 - D.18, for a graphical presentation of this schema.

### ***Clause 6.4.15 p. 181***

*The EXPRESS specification of revolved\_face\_solid contains an error in the DERIVE statement. The correction provided by TC1 is not accepted by all compilers. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

#### EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
ENTITY revolved_face_solid  SUBTYPE OF (swept_face_solid);
  axis : axis1_placement;
  angle : plane_angle_measure;
DERIVE
  axis_line : line := representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() || curve() ||
    line(axis.location, representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() ||
    vector(axis.z, 1.0));
END_ENTITY;
(*

```

### ***Clause 6.4.18 p. 184***

*The EXPRESS specification of revolved\_area\_solid contains an error in the DERIVE statement. The correction provided by TC1 is not accepted by all compilers. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:*

#### EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
ENTITY revolved_area_solid

```

```

SUBTYPE OF (swept_area_solid);
axis : axis1_placement;
angle : plane_angle_measure;
DERIVE
axis_line : line := representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() || curve() ||
    line(axis.location, representation_item('') ||
    geometric_representation_item() ||
    vector(axis.z, 1.0));
END_ENTITY;
(*

```

***Clause 6.4.21, p. 186***

The EXPRESS specification of the **box\_domain** entity fails to ensure that the **cartesian\_point** used to define the **corner** attribute is geometrically founded. This is corrected by re-defining **box\_domain** as a subtype of **founded\_item**. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
ENTITY box_domain
SUBTYPE OF (founded_item);
corner : cartesian_point;
xlength : positive_length_measure;
ylength : positive_length_measure;
zlength : positive_length_measure;
WHERE
WR1: SIZEOF(QUERY(item <* USEDIN(SELF,'') |
    NOT ('GEOMETRIC_MODEL_SCHEMA.BOXED_HALF_SPACE'
    IN TYPEOF(item)))) = 0;
END_ENTITY;
(*

```

***Clause 6.5.1, p. 191***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **acyclic\_solid\_replica** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification contains an incorrect schema reference for entity **solid\_replica**. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION acyclic_solid_replica(rep : solid_replica; parent : solid_model)
    : BOOLEAN;
IF NOT (('GEOMETRIC_MODEL_SCHEMA.SOLID_REPLICA') IN TYPEOF(parent)) THEN
    RETURN (TRUE);

```

```

    END_IF;
(* Return TRUE if the parent is not of type solid_replica *)
IF (parent ::= rep) THEN
    RETURN (FALSE);
(* Return FALSE if the parent is the same solid_replica, otherwise,
call function again with the parents own parent_solid.      *)
ELSE RETURN(acyclic_solid_replica(rep, parent\solid_replica.parent_solid));
    END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 6.5.2, p. 192***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **acyclic\_set\_replica** was corrected in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The EXPRESS specification contains an incorrect schema reference for entity **geometric\_set\_replica**. Remove the EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION acyclic_set_replica(rep : geometric_set_replica;
                             parent : geometric_set) : BOOLEAN;
IF NOT (('GEOMETRIC_MODEL_SCHEMA.GEOMETRIC_SET_REPLICA') IN
        TYPEOF(parent)) THEN
    RETURN (TRUE);
END_IF;
(* Return TRUE if the parent is not of type geometric_set_replica *)
IF (parent ::= rep) THEN
    RETURN (FALSE);
(* Return FALSE if the parent is the same geometric_set_replica, otherwise,
call function again with the parents own parent_set.      *)
ELSE RETURN(acyclic_set_replica(rep,
                                 parent\geometric_set_replica.parent_set));
    END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

***Clause 6.5.5, p. 194***

The EXPRESS specification of the function **build\_transformed\_set** contains declarations of unused variables and creates incomplete instances of **curve\_replica**, **point\_replica** and **surface\_replica**. This is corrected in the replacement definition below. Remove the existing EXPRESS specification and replace with the following:

EXPRESS specification:

```

*)

```

```

FUNCTION build_transformed_set(tr: cartesian_transformation_operator;
                             gset : geometric_set) : SET [0:?] OF geometric_set_select;
LOCAL
  s           : SET [1:?] OF geometric_set_select := gset.elements;
  trset       : SET [0:?] OF geometric_set_select := [];
END_LOCAL;
REPEAT j := 1 TO SIZEOF(s);
  IF ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.CURVE' IN TYPEOF(s[j])) THEN
    trset := trset + dummy_gri || curve() || curve_replica(s[j],tr); ELSE
  IF ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.POINT' IN TYPEOF(s[j])) THEN
    trset := trset + dummy_gri || point() || point_replica(s[j],tr);
  ELSE
    IF ('GEOMETRY_SCHEMA.SURFACE' IN TYPEOF(s[j])) THEN
      trset := trset + dummy_gri || surface() || surface_replica(s[j],
                                                               tr || cartesian_transformation_operator_3d (?));
    END_IF;
  END_IF;
END_IF;
END_REPEAT;
RETURN(trset);
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

#### **Clause 6.5.5, p. 194**

The EXPRESS specification of the function **acyclic\_set\_replica** was added in ISO 10303-42: 1994/Cor. 2:1999 and is included in this Technical Corrigendum for completeness. The function **msb\_shells** is required to be referenced by three AIC parts. After clause 6.5.5 add the following function definition:

#### **6.5.6 msb\_shells**

This function determines the set of all **closed\_shells** used in the definition of a **manifold\_solid\_brep**. Special provision is made for the **brep\_with\_voids** subtype.

#### EXPRESS specification:

```

*)
FUNCTION msb_shells (brep: manifold_solid_brep) : SET [1:?] OF closed_shell;
IF SIZEOF (QUERY (msbtype <* TYPEOF (brep) |
                   msbtype LIKE '*BREP_WITH_VOIDS')) >= 1 THEN
  RETURN (brep\brep_with_voids.voids + brep.outer);
ELSE
  RETURN ([brep.outer]);
END_IF;
END_FUNCTION;
(*

```

Argument definitions:

**brep:** (input) A **manifold\_solid\_brep** for which a set of **closed\_shell** components is required.

**result:** (output) A SET of all the **closed\_shells** used to define **brep**.

**Annex A, p. 196-201**

*With the changes identified in this Technical Corrigendum the list of short names of entities is incomplete.  
Add the following rows to the existing table in the correct alphabetical order:*

Entity names	Short names
CYLINDRICAL_POINT	CYLPNT
POLAR_POINT	PLRPNT
SPHERICAL_POINT	SPHPNT

**Annex B, p. 202**

*With the changes identified in this Technical Corrigendum the document identifiers and the schema information object identifiers have changed. Remove the object identifier for the part and replace with the following:*

To provide for unambiguous identification of an information object in an open system, the object identifier

{ iso standard 10303 part(42) version(5) }

is assigned to this part of ISO 10303. The meaning of this value is defined in ISO/IEC 8824-1, and is described in ISO 10303-1.

*Remove the object identifier for the **geometry\_schema** and replace with the following:*

To provide for unambiguous identification of the geometry\_schema in an open information system, the object identifier

{ iso standard 10303 part(42) version(5) object(1) geometry-schema(1) }

is assigned to the geometry\_schema (see clause 4). The meaning of this value is defined in ISO/IEC 8824-1, and is described in ISO 10303-1.

*Remove the object identifier for the **topology\_schema** and replace with the following:*

To provide for unambiguous identification of the topology\_schema in an open information system, the object identifier

{ iso standard 10303 part(42) version(5) object(1) topology-schema(2) }

is assigned to the topology\_schema (see clause 5). The meaning of this value is defined in ISO/IEC 8824-1, and is described in ISO 10303-1.

*Remove the object identifier for the **geometric\_model\_schema** and replace with the following:*

To provide for unambiguous identification of the geometric\_model\_schema in an open information system, the object identifier

{ iso standard 10303 part(42) version(5) object(1) geometric-model-schema(3) }

is assigned to the geometric\_model\_schema (see clause 6). The meaning of this value is defined in ISO/IEC 8824-1, and is described in ISO 10303-1.

### ***Annex C, p. 203***

*With the changes identified in this Technical Corrigendum, the URL containing the EXPRESS is incorrect. Replace the contents of the annex with the following:*

This annex provides a listing of the EXPRESS entity names and corresponding short names as specified in this part of ISO 10303. It also provides a listing of the complete EXPRESS schema specified in this part of ISO 10303 without comments or other explanatory text. This annex is available in computer-interpretable form and can be found at the following URLs:

Short names: <http://www.mel.nist.gov/div826/subject/apde/snr/>  
 EXPRESS: <http://www.mel.nist.gov/step/parts/part042/is/tc3/>

If there is difficulty accessing these sites contact ISO Central Secretariat or contact the ISO TC 184/SC4 Secretariat directly at: [sc4sec@cme.nist.gov](mailto:sc4sec@cme.nist.gov).

NOTE - – The information provided in computer-interpretable form at the above URLs is informative. The information that is contained in the body of this part of ISO 10303 is normative.

### ***Annex D, p. 207 and p.221***

*With the changes identified in this Technical Corrigendum, the EXPRESS-G figures are incorrect. Replace Figure D.3, Figure D.8, Figure D.11, and Figure D.17 with the following:*

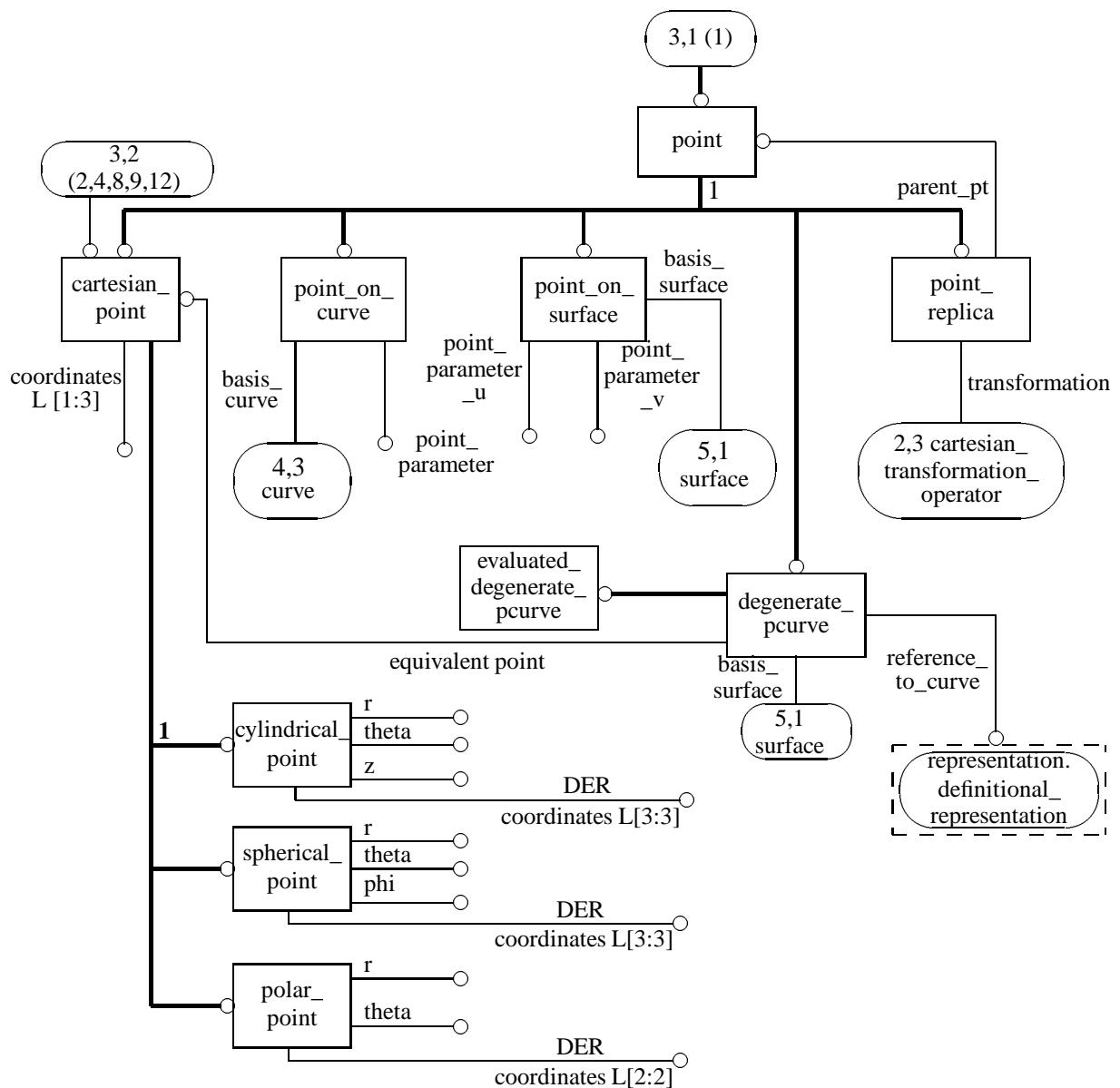


Figure D.3 - geometry\_schema EXPRESS-G diagram 3 of 12 - Subtypes of point

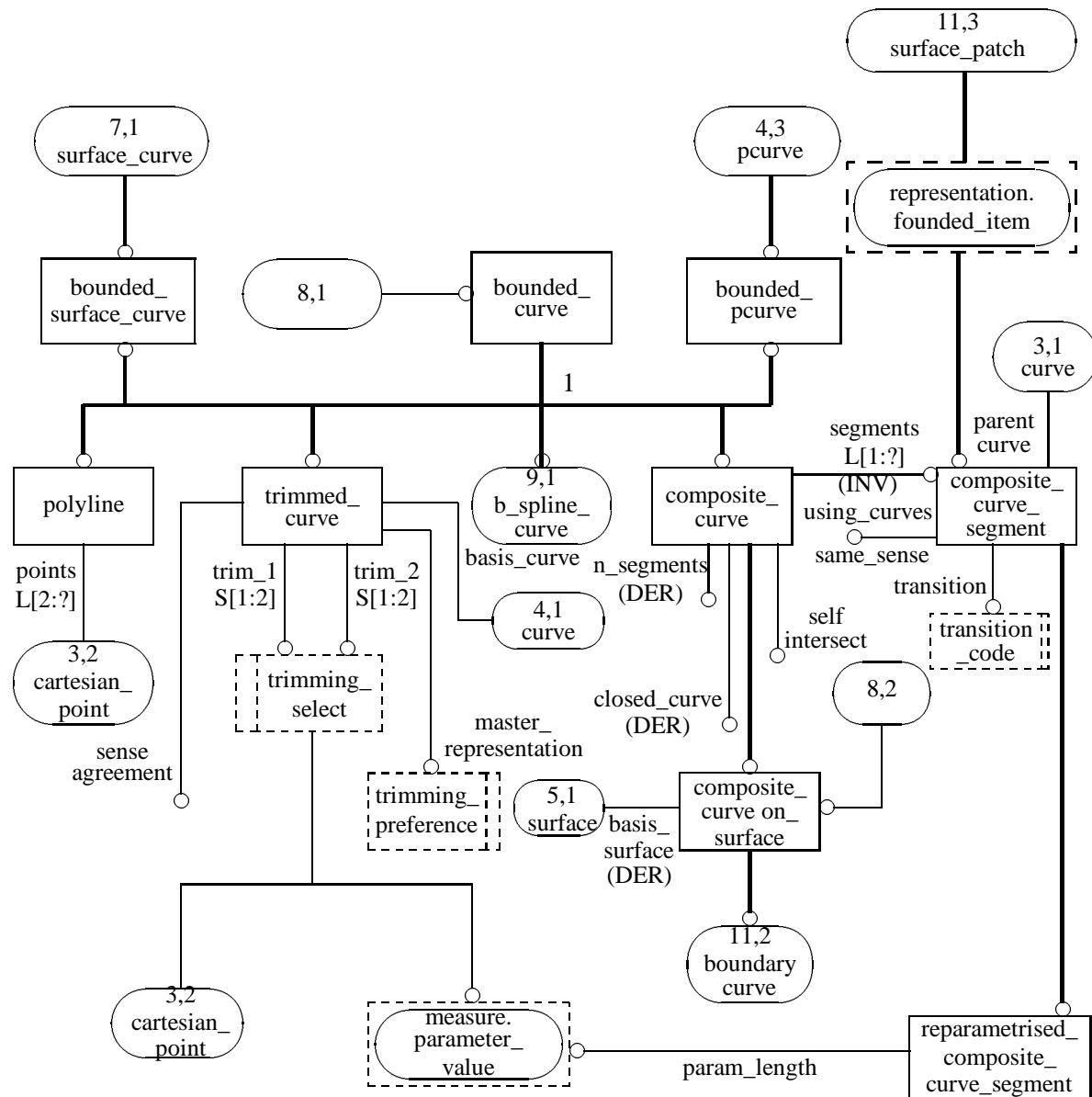
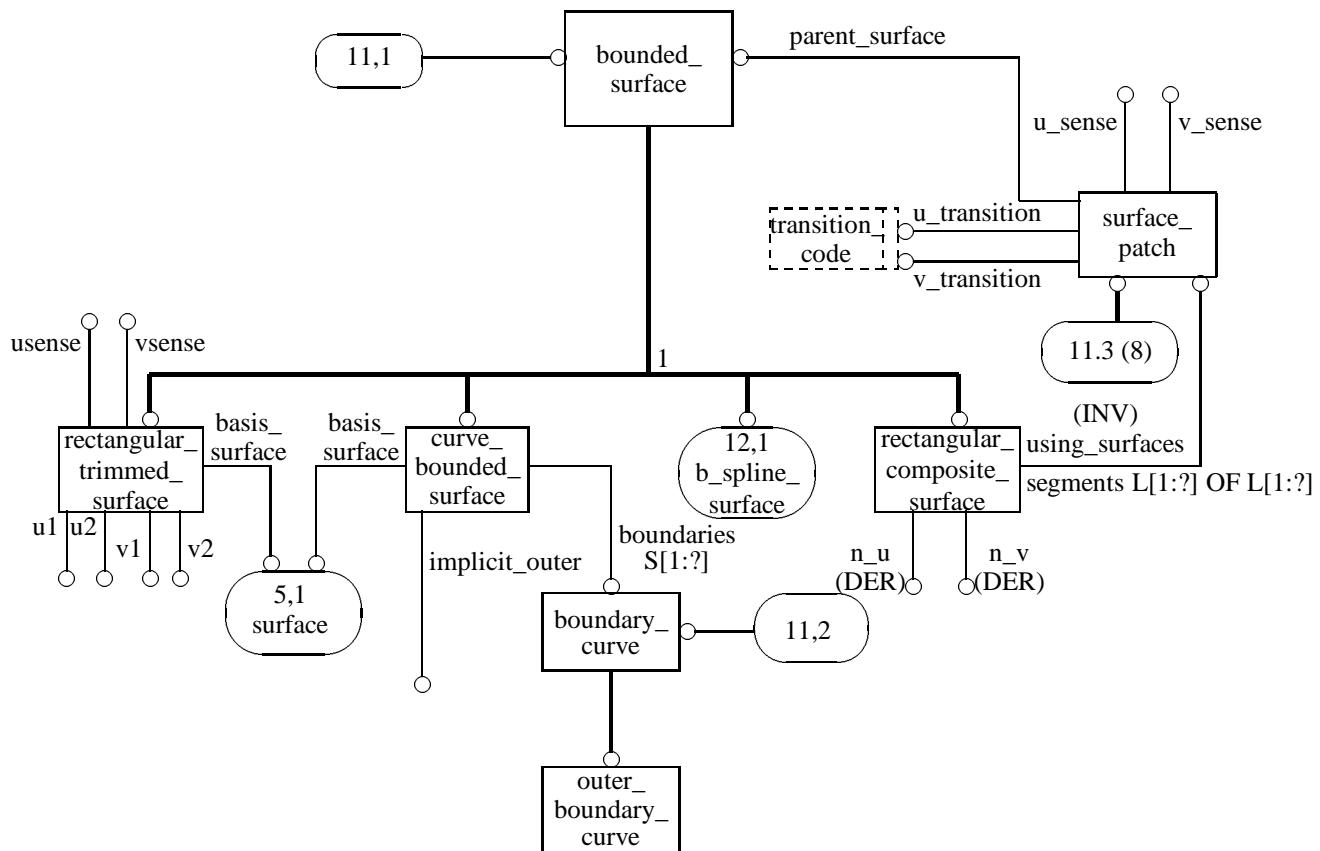
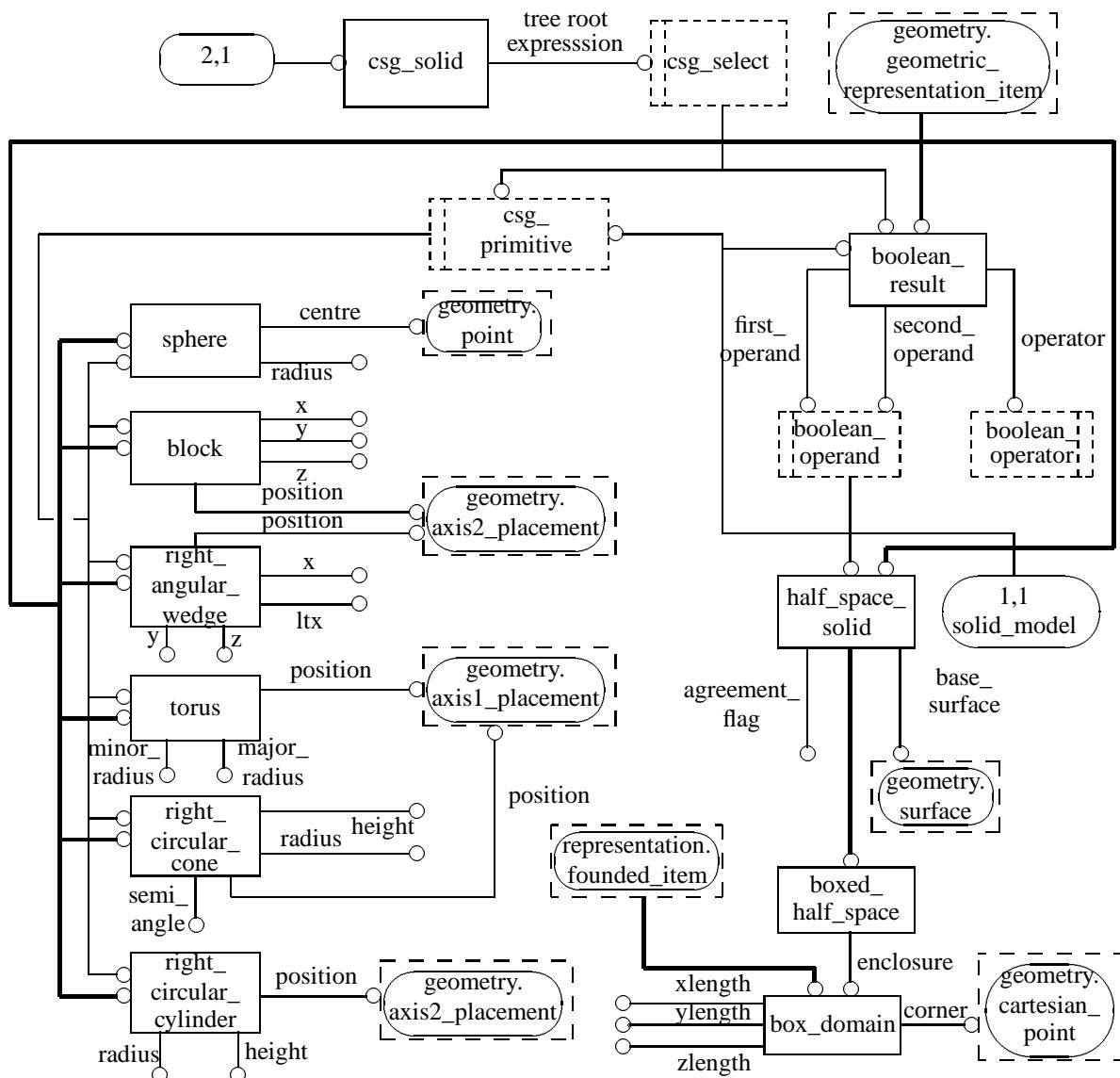


Figure D.8 - geometry\_schema EXPRESS-G diagram 8 of 12

**Figure D.11 - geometry\_schema EXPRESS-G diagram 11 of 12**



**Figure D.17 - geometric\_model\_schema EXPRESS-G diagram 2 of 3 - CSG solids**